GOVERNMENT/INDUSTRY AERONAUTICAL CHARTING FORUM

Instrument Procedures Group (Originally presented at ACF 92-02) HISTORY RECORD

FAA Control # 92-02-105

<u>SUBJECT:</u> Review of Adequacy of TERPS Circling Approach Maneuvering Areas and Circling at Airports With High Heights Above Airports (HAA's)

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION: The construction of the TERPS standard instrument approach circling maneuvering area is based upon the approach category turning radii assumptions for Categories A through E, as follows: 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 2.3, and 4.5 nautical miles, respectively. There is no lateral obstacle buffer at the edge of these radii, other than the slight buffer provided at multiple runway airports by the simplistic joining of the tangents of the circles, which are formed, by the radii for each approach category. Thus, a solid granite wall is permitted by the criteria at the edges of the circling maneuvering area. The maneuvering radii are of questionable validity, especially during strong low-level wind conditions. Also, the radii appear to be questionable at high elevation airports because of the significantly higher density altitudes that result at such locations.

RECOMMENDATION: The present circling maneuvering turning radii should be reviewed for their adequacy during strong, adverse low- level winds and with the application of high true airspeeds which result with high density altitudes. An objective and scientific study should be conducted to determine what constitutes reasonable dimensions for the circling maneuvering area under all conditions of low-level winds and density altitudes. The circling maneuvering area should be demonstrated to contain operations to a statistical confidence level of 2 Sigma. A tapered secondary area should be provided around the primary circling maneuvering area that will contain operations to a statistical confidence level of 3 Sigma.

COMMENT: This recommendation affects the United States Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS), FAA Order 8260.3B.

Submitted by: Charles K. Guy May 13, 1992 AIR LINE PILOTS ASSOCIATION

INITIAL DISCUSSION (Meeting 92-02): Records of the initial discussion and minutes of meetings 93-01 through 94-02 are not available.

<u>MEETING 95-01</u>: International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) circling minima is higher than the US in some categories. AFS-420 and AVN-210 has action and report at the next meeting. <u>ACTION</u>: AFS-420 and AVN-210.

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<u>MEETING 95-02</u>: Lyle Wink, AFS-422, reported that research is still ongoing for this issue and a finalized report is not available. AFS-422 will report when research is complete. ACTION: AFS-422.

<u>MEETING 96-01</u>: Don Pate, AFS-450, presented a status document reflecting FAA study efforts thus far. The next phase is Airspace Simulation and Analysis for TERPS (ASAT) modeling. In order for this effort to be successful and provide realistic data, it is necessary that the parameters used for testing (airspeeds, winds, bank angles, etc.) be agreeable to all. Don requested that the group review the paper and forward recommended parameter changes to him not later than May 17. Revised criteria, if necessary will be on ASAT modeling results. <u>ACTION: AFS-450.</u>

MEETING 96-02: Don Pate, AFS-450, provided an update on progress thus far. The ASAT testing was delayed due to other projects, but is now progressing. Don emphasized again that, in order for this effort to be successful and provide realistic data, it is necessary that the parameters used for testing be agreeable to all. No inputs were received from the last meeting. Don provided a listing of factors to be considered and requested the group review the factors and forward recommended parameters to Steve Jackson, AFS-450, as soon as possible. AFS-450 hopes to have the ASAT testing complete prior to the next meeting. ACTION: AFS-450.

MEETING 97-01: Don Pate, AFS-450, presented a status document noting FAA study efforts thus far. The ASAT software has been upgraded and the circling model is in final development. As previously noted, industry inputs on circling techniques for various circling maneuvers would aid in completion of the model; however, no industry group has been forthcoming with comments. Tom Young, ALPA, stated that his organization would provide inputs during a scheduled April meeting with AFS-440/450 in Oklahoma City. Don stated that he hopes to have graphic depictions of test results vs. current criteria for presentation at the next meeting. Details of Don's briefing were distributed in a status document. ACTION:

MEETING 97-02: Don Pate, AFS-450, reported the study and analysis continues. Proposed criteria development is expected to be complete, and a draft prepared by the spring 98 meeting. Wally Roberts, ALPA, expressed concern over the possibility circling maneuvers would be altogether deleted. He does not consider deletion to be a valid option, and maintains the pilot should determine the option to circle. AFS-450 will continue Aircraft Simulation and TERPS (ASAT) modeling/testing and report the results at the next meeting. ACTION: AFS-450.

<u>MEETING 98-01</u>: Steve Jackson, AFS-420, is continuing analysis and computer modeling. Jack Corman, AFS-420, briefed the on-going study and presented examples to the group. Preliminary results and ASAT results indicate that the current criterion requires improvement. New criteria are under development and should be incorporated in the next issuance of TERPS. Jim Terpster, Jeppesen, recommended that test results be presented to ICAO

through the OCP. Paul Best, AFS-400, agreed and stated that the criteria would be presented when finalized. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 98-02: Howard Swancy, AFS-420, presented a position update paper developed by Steve Jackson, AFS-420. The paper provided the results of ASAT testing and new circling area models. It was briefed that the FAA has received no industry input for the parameters used in the tests, despite repeated requests. Input is necessary at this juncture to preclude developing criteria that everyone will object to when circulated for approval. The group agreed that the parameters used in the tests were acceptable and that criteria development should continue. It is planned that new circling criteria will be published in the next re-write of the TERPS manual. Howard requested that all review the paper thoroughly and forward comments to AFS-420 ASAP. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 99-01: Howard Swancy, AFS-420, presented a briefing on new circling criteria for inclusion in TERPS. The new criterion significantly expands the obstacle clearance areas for circling maneuvers and incorporates three altitude stratums. The criteria was developed from extensive Airspace Simulation and Analysis for TERPS (ASAT) test results. A draft copy of the new criteria was handed out to all participants who were asked to review the new criteria and forward comments to Norm LeFevre, AFS-420, ASAP, but not later than May 30, 1999. It is planned to incorporate the new criteria in TERPS, Change 19. ACTION: All Attendees.

MEETING 99-02: Howard Swancy, AFS-420, presented a status update paper prepared by Norm LeFevre, AFS-420. A draft copy of new circling criteria was provided to all participants during meeting 99-1. Comments were requested not later than May 30th; however, none were received. The new criteria has been finalized and is planned to be incorporated in TERPS, Change 19, in early 2000. Erik Eliel, USAF/AIS, asked if the FAA has considered an implementation plan for the new criteria that would let pilots know whether or not procedural minima was based on new or old criteria. Howard agreed that the FAA would need an implementation plan that considered both AVN-100 workload and pilot education; however, one has not been developed to date. Randy Kenagy, AOPA, added that AIM information must be updated to reflect the new criterion. The group agreed. AFS-420 is to track publication of TERPS, Change 19 and development of a FAA implementation plan. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 00-01: Dave Eckles, AFS-420, presented a status update paper prepared by Norm LeFevre, AFS-420. A draft copy of new circling criteria was handed out to all participants during meeting 99-1. Comments were requested not later than May 30, 1999; however, none were received. The new criteria was subsequently finalized and planned for inclusion in TERPS, Change 19. Implementation is expected to be by attrition; e.g. new SIAP's would incorporate new criteria while current SIAP's would have new criteria applied during periodic reviews or routine amendments for other reasons. However, last minute concerns voiced by AOPA over the parameters used in development of the new criteria will delay the new criteria to TERPS, Change 20. Randy Kenagy, AOPA, stated that the CAT A ASAT modeling indicated only a slight deviance from the current circling protected area, yet the new proposed criteria expands the CAT A&B obstacle protection areas by ½ mile or

more. He believes this may significantly raise minimums. Dave indicated that FAA is addressing AOPA's concerns. <u>ACTION</u>: AFS-420.

MEETING 00-02: Dave Eckles, AFS-420, presented a status update paper prepared by Steve Jackson, AFS-420. New circling criteria were pulled from TERPS change 19 as a result of AOPA's concerns. It is AFS-420's plan to include the new criteria in Change 20. which will be circulated for formal comment. Randy Kenagy, AOPA, noted that his agency concerns were forwarded via e-mail to AFS-420 on 5/25/00; however, they have received no response. Pre-meeting conversation with Steve indicated that he was expecting further criterion recommendations from AOPA. This apparent miscommunication between AOPA and AFS-420 has resulted in no action taken to mitigate AOPA's concerns. Randy emphasized that the proposed obstacle clearance area for Category (CAT) A aircraft was too large and will result in significant and unnecessary minima increases. Kevin Comstock, ALPA, noted that that the new criteria is necessary for CAT BCD aircraft and, in the interests of flight safety, should be processed and implemented without further delay. Bill Hammett, AFS-420 (ISI), recommended that AOPA contact AFS-420 directly regarding their concerns. Bill also noted that all changes to TERPS are formally coordinated with industry and other government agencies prior to publication. Formal comments received must be resolved prior to adoption. Dave Eckles assured Randy that AOPA comments would be staffed. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 01-01: Dave Eckles, AFS-420, presented a status update paper prepared by Steve Jackson, AFS-420 on the issue. In the paper, Steve, on behalf of AFS-420, has addressed the concerns forwarded by AOPA. It is planned that the new circling criterion will be included in TERPS change 20. As is the norm, this change will be coordinated with industry and other government agencies. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 01-02: Norm LeFevre, AFS-420, briefed that new circling criteria was developed as a result of ASAT testing and was originally scheduled to be included in TERPS Change 19. Last minute AOPA concerns over the impact of the new criteria on Category A aircraft have delayed the criteria until Change 20. Norm noted that although AOPA has raised concerns, they have not presented hard data to challenge the AFS-420 analysis of circling airspace requirements. The new circling criteria are scheduled for inclusion in TERPS change 20. Norm requested that AOPA present data supporting smaller than planned circling areas to AFS-420 NLT 1/1/2002 or the proposed new circling areas will be included in TERPS as originally proposed and briefed to the ACF.

ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 02-01: Norm LeFevre, AFS-420, briefed that the new circling criteria, proposed for inclusion in TERPS, Change 21, will be initially applied to all airports above 6,000 feet MSL. FAA will then bring the application to sea level. Wally Roberts, ALPA, presented a briefing on the Air China accident at Pusan, Korea (he believes the airport used TERPS circling criteria). Wally's briefing displayed drawings on topographical charts of current TERPS and Pans-Ops criteria as well as the FAA proposed criteria for CATs C and D. The briefing supports that additional airspace should be required for circling maneuvers. Wally, supported by Steve Bergner, NBAA, was critical that the proposed 4500' overshoot area,

parallel to the runway, in the new criteria, is too large and should be tapered from the outside turn area toward the runway threshold. Wally, supported by NBAA and Brad Alberts, FPA, also recommended unanimously that the Cat D area be increased to accommodate 180Kts. Wally emphasized that ALPA again recommends that the new TERPS circling criteria be applied ASAP, especially for CAT C & D aircraft. NBAA and FPA supported this recommendation. Norm agreed to take the message back to AFS-420.

ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 02-02: Tom Schneider, AFS-420, briefed the status of this issue as provided by Jack Corman, AFS-420. The new circling areas have been modified to accommodate comments from various industry respondents. The revised criteria were reviewed by the TERPS Working Group (TWG) and approved for inclusion in TERPS change 20. It is planned to have Change 20 in formal coordination this winter; however, the exact timeframe is dependent on priority taskings. Bill Hammett, AFS-420 (ISI), briefed that the overshoot area concerns expressed at the last meeting by ALPA and NBAA were re-evaluated and revised to taper toward the runway. AFS-420 also evaluated the request to expand the Category D area to allow for 180 Knots and this is not considered feasible. Airspeeds and categories are defined in Part 97.3(b). Steve Bergner, NBAA, asked if airspace requirements would be addressed to ensure that the increase in circling area size does not cause procedures to be outside controlled airspace. Tom did not know offhand whether airspace increases have been addressed. Brad Alberts, ALPA, stated that no procedure should be outside controlled airspace. Tom asked if the circling diagram could be removed from the AIM. The consensus, led by Jim Terpstra, Jeppesen, was that the diagram should remain. Aircrews need to know that there are limitations. Discussion as to whether or not charts need to be annotated denoting whether new or old criteria is applied reached no conclusion. Tom also stated that AFS-420 has not taken any action on early criteria implementation for CATs CD. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 03-01: Tom Schneider, AFS-420, briefed the status of this issue as provided by Jack Corman, AFS-420. The new circling criteria are still planned for inclusion in TERPS Change 20, which is targeted for coordination in the Fall of 03. Tom also stated that the Manager, AFS-420 will not pursue early criteria implementation for CATs CD. It is preferred that the criteria are circulated for public comment and all categories be implemented simultaneously. ACTION: AFS-420.

MEETING 03-02: Bill Hammett, AFS-420 (ISI), briefed that a revision to TERPS Volume 1, paragraph 260, Circling Approach Area, has been prepared for inclusion in Change 20. The change is scheduled to enter formal coordination NLT October 30th, and signature is expected in the first week of January, 2004. AFS-420 will continue to track publication of the new criteria. ACTION: (AFS-420).

<u>MEETING 04-01</u>: Bill Hammett, AFS-420 (ISI), briefed that the new circling criteria has been pulled from TERPS Change 20 due to questions regarding the validity of the data used in the previous Airspace Simulation and Analysis for TERPS (ASAT) study upon which the new criteria were developed. AFS-420 will forward the request for ASAT re-validation to AFS-440. There was a brief discussion on the variances between PANS-OPS and TERPS. ICAO

areas are larger than TERPS to accommodate higher operating speeds by category. Ted Thompson, Jeppesen, noted that after the Air China accident in Korea, his company notes ICAO Pans Ops on the procedure chart to reflect which criteria was used. Randy Kenagy, AOPA, noted that if new criteria were developed, then the new circling dimensions should be depicted in the AIM. It was also asked whether the US would annotate procedures developed under new criteria. Kevin Jones, Southwest Airlines, stated this should not be necessary, as pilot procedures should not change; rather, criteria should be developed to accommodate operations. Kevin Comstock, ALPA, requested further detail on the reason the new criteria was pulled from Change 20. Bill responded that AOPA had formally objected that the larger areas caused an unnecessary impact on category A and B aircraft. After a short dialog, Kevin stated that if AOPA did not provide specific data to refute the proposed criteria change, then it should go forward as presented and briefed at previous ACF meetings. Kevin reaffirmed the ALPA position that this issue is important and should go forward ASAP, especially for category C and D aircraft operations. Tom agreed to take the comments back to AFS-420. ACTION: (AFS-420 and AFS-440).

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